

DS42BR400 Quad 4.25 Gbps CML Transceiver with Transmit De-Emphasis and Receive Equalization

Check for Samples: [DS42BR400](#)

FEATURES

- 250 Mbps – 4.25 Gbps Fully Differential Data Paths
- Optional Fixed Input Equalization
- Selectable Output De-emphasis
- Individual Loopback Controls
- On-Chip Termination
- Lead-less WQFN-60 Pin Package (9 mm x 9 mm x 0.8 mm, 0.5 mm Pitch)
- –40°C to +85°C Industrial Temperature Range
- 6 kV ESD Rating, HBM

APPLICATIONS

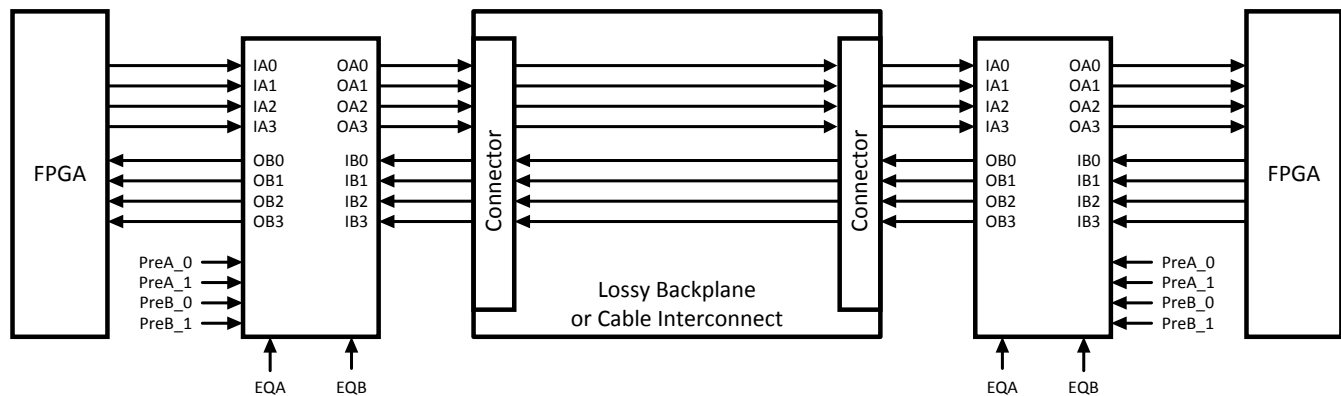
- Backplane Driver or Cable Driver
- Signal Repeating, Buffering and Conditioning Applications

DESCRIPTION

The DS42BR400 is a quad 250 Mbps – 4.25 Gbps CML transceiver, or 8-channel buffer, for use in backplane and cable applications. With operation down to 250 Mbps, the DS42BR400 can be used in applications requiring both low and high frequency data rates. Each input stage has a fixed equalizer to reduce ISI distortion from board traces. The equalizers are grouped in fours and are enabled through two control pins. These control pins provide customers flexibility where ISI distortion may vary from one direction to another.

All output drivers have four selectable steps of de-emphasis to compensate against transmission loss across long FR4 backplanes. The de-emphasis blocks are also grouped in fours. In addition, the DS42BR400 also has loopback control capability on four channels. All CML drivers have 50Ω termination to V_{CC} . All receivers are internally terminated with differential 100Ω.

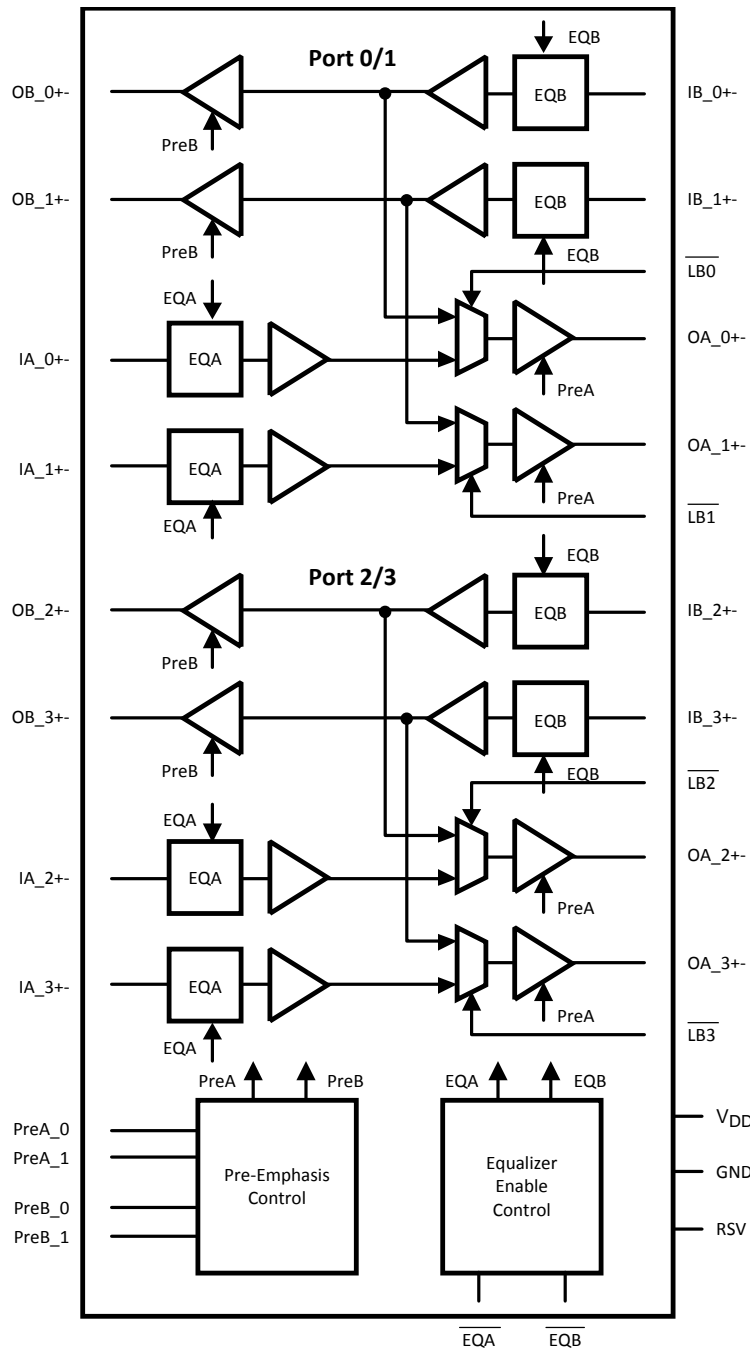
Simplified Application Diagram



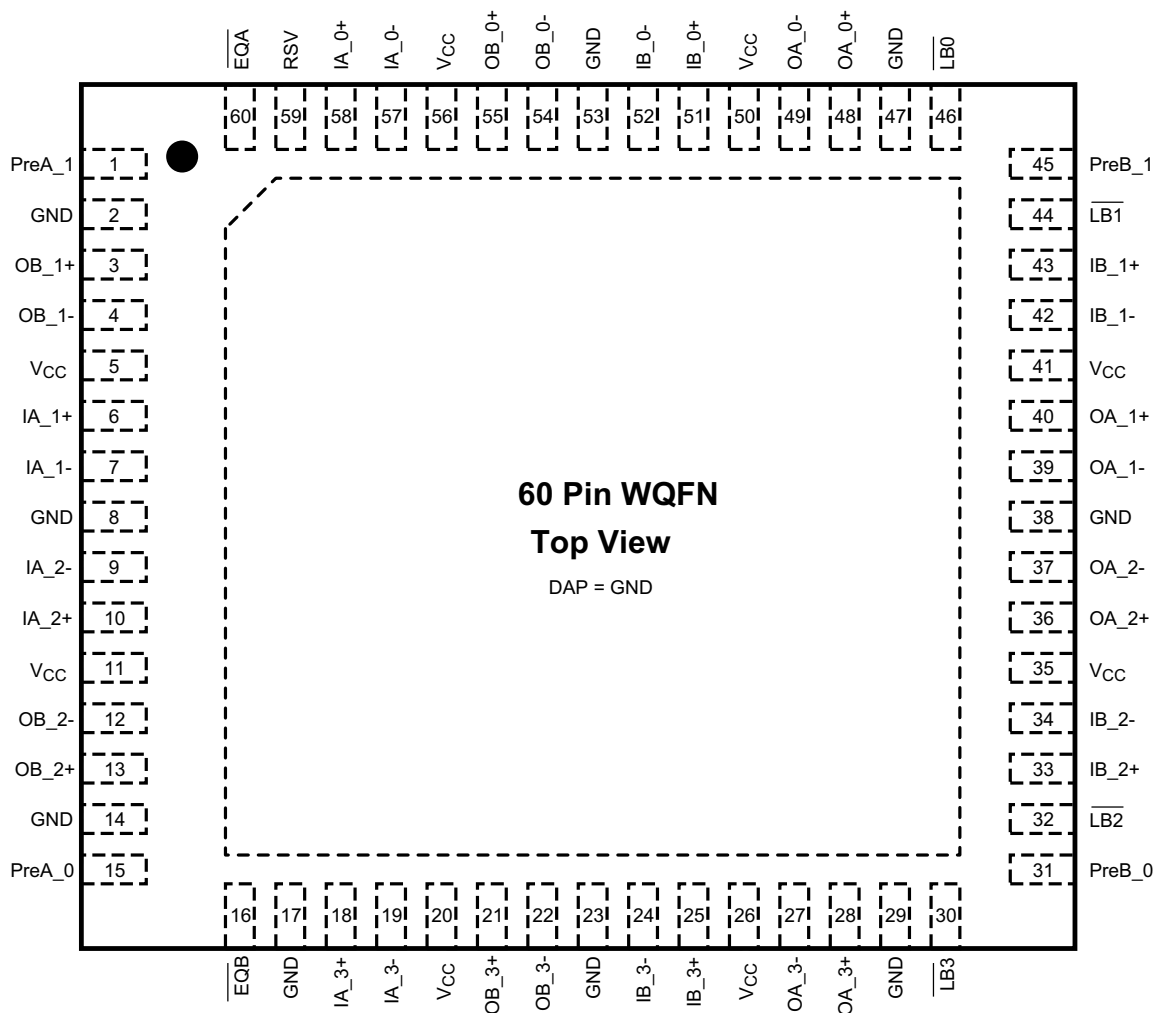
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Functional Block Diagram



Connection Diagram



**Figure 1. Leadless WQFN-60 Pin Package
(9 mm x 9 mm x 0.8 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)
See Package Number NKA0060A**

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

| Pin Name | Pin Number | I/O ⁽¹⁾ | Description |
|------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--|
| DIFFERENTIAL I/O | | | |
| IB_0+ IB_0– | 51 52 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_0. IB_0+ and IB_0– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OA_0+ OA_0– | 48 49 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_0. OA_0+ and OA_0– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IB_1+ IB_1– | 43 42 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_1. IB_1+ and IB_1– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OA_1+ OA_1– | 40 39 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_1. OA_1+ and OA_1– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IB_2+ IB_2– | 33 34 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_2. IB_2+ and IB_2– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OA_2+ OA_2– | 36 37 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_2. OA_2+ and OA_2– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IB_3+ IB_3– | 25 24 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_3. IB_3+ and IB_3– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OA_3+ OA_3– | 28 27 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_3. OA_3+ and OA_3– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IA_0+ IA_0– | 58 57 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_0. IA_0+ and IA_0– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OB_0+ OB_0– | 55 54 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_0. OB_0+ and OB_0– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IA_1+ IA_1– | 6 7 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_1. IA_1+ and IA_1– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OB_1+ OB_1– | 3 4 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_1. OB_1+ and OB_1– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IA_2+ IA_2– | 10 9 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_2. IA_2+ and IA_2– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OB_2+ OB_2– | 13 12 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_2. OB_2+ and OB_2– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| IA_3+ IA_3– | 18 19 | I | Inverting and non-inverting differential inputs of port_3. IA_3+ and IA_3– are internally connected to a reference voltage through a 50Ω resistor. Refer to Figure 8 . |
| OB_3+ OB_3– | 21 22 | O | Inverting and non-inverting differential outputs of port_3. OB_3+ and OB_3– are connected to V _{CC} through a 50Ω resistor. |
| CONTROL (3.3V LVCMOS) | | | |
| $\overline{\text{EQA}}$ | 60 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{EQA}}$ enables equalization for input channels IA_0±, IA_1±, IA_2±, and IA_3±. By default, this pin is internally pulled high and equalization is disabled. |
| $\overline{\text{EQB}}$ | 16 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{EQB}}$ enables equalization for input channels IB_0±, IB_1±, IB_2±, and IB_3±. By default, this pin is internally pulled high and equalization is disabled. |
| PreA_0 PreA_1 | 15 1 | I | PreA_0 and PreA_1 select the output de-emphasis levels (OA_0±, OA_1±, OA_2±, and OA_3±). PreA_0 and PreA_1 are internally pulled high. Please see Table 2 for de-emphasis levels. |
| PreB_0 PreB_1 | 31 45 | I | PreB_0 and PreB_1 select the output de-emphasis levels (OB_0±, OB_1±, OB_2±, and OB_3±). PreB_0 and PreB_1 are internally pulled high. Please see Table 2 for de-emphasis levels. |
| $\overline{\text{LB0}}$ | 46 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{LB0}}$ enables the internal loopback path from IB_0± to OA_0±. $\overline{\text{LB0}}$ is internally pulled high. Please see Table 1 for more information. |
| $\overline{\text{LB1}}$ | 44 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{LB1}}$ enables the internal loopback path from IB_1± to OA_1±. $\overline{\text{LB1}}$ is internally pulled high. Please see Table 1 for more information. |
| $\overline{\text{LB2}}$ | 32 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{LB2}}$ enables the internal loopback path from IB_2± to OA_2±. $\overline{\text{LB2}}$ is internally pulled high. Please see Table 1 for more information. |
| $\overline{\text{LB3}}$ | 30 | I | This pin is active LOW. A logic LOW at $\overline{\text{LB3}}$ enables the internal loopback path from IB_3± to OA_3±. $\overline{\text{LB3}}$ is internally pulled high. Please see Table 1 for more information. |
| RSV | 59 | I | Reserve pin to support factory testing. This pin can be left open, tied to GND, or tied to GND through an external pull-down resistor. |

(1) **Note:** I = Input, O = Output, P = Power

PIN DESCRIPTIONS (continued)

| Pin Name | Pin Number | I/O ⁽¹⁾ | Description |
|-----------------|--|--------------------|--|
| POWER | | | |
| V _{CC} | 5, 11, 20, 26, 35, 41, 50, 56 | P | V _{CC} = 3.3V ± 5%. Each V _{CC} pin should be connected to the V _{CC} plane through a low inductance path, typically with a via located as close as possible to the landing pad of the V _{CC} pin. It is recommended to have a 0.01 µF or 0.1 µF, X7R, size-0402 bypass capacitor from each V _{CC} pin to ground plane. |
| GND | 2, 8, 14, 17, 23, 29, 38, 47, 53 | P | Ground reference. Each ground pin should be connected to the ground plane through a low inductance path, typically with a via located as close as possible to the landing pad of the GND pin. |
| GND | DAP | P | DAP is the metal contact at the bottom side, located at the center of the WQFN-60 pin package. It should be connected to the GND plane with at least 4 via to lower the ground impedance and improve the thermal performance of the package. |

Functional Description
Table 1. Logic Table for Loopback Controls

| LB0 | Loopback Function |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| 0 | Enable loopback from IB_0± to OA_0±. |
| 1 (default) | Normal mode. Loopback disabled. |
| LB1 | Loopback Function |
| 0 | Enable loopback from IB_1± to OA_1±. |
| 1 (default) | Normal mode. Loopback disabled. |
| LB2 | Loopback Function |
| 0 | Enable loopback from IB_2± to OA_2±. |
| 1 (default) | Normal mode. Loopback disabled. |
| LB3 | Loopback Function |
| 0 | Enable loopback from IB_3± to OA_3±. |
| 1 (default) | Normal mode. Loopback disabled. |

Table 2. De-Emphasis Controls

| PreA_[1:0] | Default VOD Level in mV_{PP} (VODB) | De-Emphasis Level in mV_{PP} (VODPE) | De-Emphasis in dB (VODPE/VODB) |
|-------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| 0 0 | 1200 | 1200 | 0 |
| 0 1 | 1200 | 850 | -3 |
| 1 0 | 1200 | 600 | -6 |
| 1 1 (Default) | 1200 | 426 | -9 |
| PreB_[1:0] | Default VOD Level in mV_{PP} (VODB) | De-Emphasis Level in mV_{PP} (VODPE) | De-Emphasis in dB (VODPE/VODB) |
| 0 0 | 1200 | 1200 | 0 |
| 0 1 | 1200 | 850 | -3 |
| 1 0 | 1200 | 600 | -6 |
| 1 1 (Default) | 1200 | 426 | -9 |

De-emphasis is the primary signal conditioning function for use in compensating against backplane transmission loss. The DS42BR400 provides four steps of de-emphasis ranging from 0, -3, -6 and -9 dB, user-selectable dependent on the loss profile of the backplane. [Figure 2](#) shows a driver de-emphasis waveform. The de-emphasis duration is nominal 200 ps, corresponding to 85% bit-width at 4.25 Gbps.

The high speed inputs are self-biased to about 1.3V and are designed for AC coupling allowing the DS42BR400 to be directly inserted into the datapath without any limitation. The ideal AC coupling capacitor value is often based on the lowest frequency component embedded within the serial link. A typical AC coupling capacitor value ranges between 100 and 1000nF, some specifications with scrambled data may require a larger coupling capacitor for optimal performance. To reduce unwanted parasitics around and within the AC coupling capacitor, a body size of 0402 is recommended. [Figure 7](#) shows the AC coupling capacitor placement in an AC test circuit.

Input Equalization

Each differential input of the DS42BR400 has a fixed equalizer front-end stage. It is designed to provide fixed equalization for short board traces with transmission losses of approximately 5 dB between 375 MHz to 1.875 GHz. Programmable de-emphasis together with input equalization ensures an acceptable eye opening for a 40-inch FR-4 backplane.

The differential input equalizer for inputs on Channel A and inputs on Channel B can be bypassed by using $\overline{\text{EQA}}$ and $\overline{\text{EQB}}$, respectively. By default, the equalizers are internally pulled high and disabled. Therefore, EQA and EQB must be asserted LOW to enable equalization.

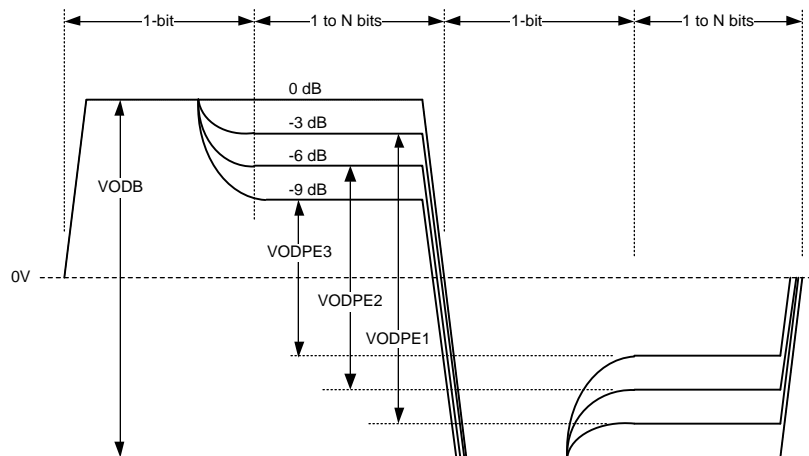


Figure 2. Driver De-Emphasis Differential Waveform (showing all 4 de-emphasis steps)



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) | | -0.3V to 4V |
| CMOS/TTL Input Voltage | | -0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$) |
| CML Input/Output Voltage | | -0.3V to ($V_{CC} + 0.3V$) |
| Junction Temperature | | +150°C |
| Storage Temperature | | -65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature Soldering, 4 sec | | +260°C |
| Thermal Resistance, θ_{JA} | | 22.3°C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, θ_{JC} | | 3.2°C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Φ_{JB} | | 10.3°C/W |
| ESD Ratings ⁽³⁾ | HBM | 6kV |
| | CDM | 1kV |
| | MM | 350V |

- (1) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional. For ensured specifications and the test conditions, see the [Electrical Characteristics](#) Tables. Operation of the device beyond the maximum Operating Ratings is not recommended.
- (2) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.
- (3) ESD tests conform to the following standards: Human Body Model (HBM) applicable standard: MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.7 Machine Model (MM) applicable standard: JESD22-A115-A (ESD MM std. of JEDEC) Field -Induced Charge Device Model (CDM) applicable standard: JESD22-C101-C (ESD FICDM std. of JEDEC)

Recommended Operating Ratings

| | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----|-------|------------------|
| Supply Voltage (V_{CC-GND}) | 3.135 | 3.3 | 3.465 | V |
| Supply Noise Amplitude 10 Hz to 2 GHz | | | 100 | mV _{PP} |
| Ambient Temperature | -40 | | +85 | °C |
| Case Temperature | | | 100 | °C |

Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | | Test Conditions | Min | Typ ⁽³⁾ | Max | Units |
|----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| LVC MOS DC SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| V _{IH} | High Level Input Voltage | | 2.0 | | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{IL} | Low Level Input Voltage | | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V |
| I _{IH} | High Level Input Current | V _{IN} = V _{CC} | -10 | | 10 | μA |
| I _{IL} | Low Level Input Current | V _{IN} = GND | 75 | 94 | 124 | μA |
| R _{PU} | Pull-High Resistance | | | 35 | | kΩ |
| RECEIVER SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| V _{ID} | Differential Input Voltage Range | AC Coupled Differential Signal. Below 1.25 Gb/s At 1.25 Gbps–3.125 Gbps Above 3.125 Gbps This parameter is not production tested. | 100 100 100 | | 1750 1560 1200 | mV _{P-P} mV _{P-P} mV _{P-P} |
| V _{ICM} | Common Mode Voltage at Receiver Inputs | Measured at receiver inputs reference to ground. | | 1.3 | | V |
| R _{ITD} | Input Differential Termination | On-chip differential termination between IN+ or IN-. See Figure 8 | 84 | 100 | 116 | Ω |
| DRIVER SPECIFICATIONS | | | | | | |
| V _{ODB} | Output Differential Voltage Swing without De-Emphasis | R _L = 100Ω ±1% PreA_1 = 0; PreA_0 = 0 PreB_1 = 0; PreB_0 = 0 Driver de-emphasis disabled. Running K28.7 pattern at 4 Gbps. See Figure 7 | 1000 | 1200 | 1400 | mV _{P-P} |
| V _{PE} | Output De-Emphasis Voltage Ratio 20*log(V _{ODPE} /V _{ODB}) | R _L = 100Ω ±1% Running K28.7 pattern at 4.25 Gbps PreX_[1:0] = 00 PreX_[1:0] = 01 PreX_[1:0] = 10 PreX_[1:0] = 11 X = A/B channel de-emphasis drivers See Figure 2 / Figure 7 | | 0 -3 -6 -9 | | dB dB dB dB |
| t _{PE} | De-Emphasis Width | Tested at -9 dB de-emphasis level, PreX[1:0] = 11 X = A/B channel de-emphasis drivers See Figure 6 on measurement condition. | 125 | 200 | 250 | ps |
| R _{OTSE} | Output Termination | On-chip termination from OUT+ or OUT- to V _{CC} | 42 | 50 | 58 | Ω |
| R _{OTD} | Output Differential Termination | On-chip differential termination between OUT+ and OUT- | | 100 | | Ω |
| ΔR _{OTSE} | Mis-Match in Output Termination Resistors | Mis-match in output termination resistors | | | 5 | % |
| V _{OCM} | Output Common Mode Voltage | | | 2.7 | | V |
| POWER DISSIPATION | | | | | | |
| P _D | Power Dissipation | V _{DD} = 3.465V All outputs terminated by 100Ω ±1%. PreB_[1:0] = 0, PreA_[1:0] = 0 Running PRBS 2 ⁷ -1 pattern at 4.25 Gbps | | | 1.3 | W |

- (1) IN+ and IN- are generic names that refer to one of the many pairs of complementary inputs of the DS42BR400. OUT+ and OUT- are generic names that refer to one of the many pairs of the complementary outputs of the DS42BR400. Differential input voltage V_{ID} is defined as |IN+ - IN-|. Differential output voltage V_{OD} is defined as |OUT+ - OUT-|.
- (2) K28.7 pattern is a 10-bit repeating pattern of K28.7 code group {001111 1000} K28.5 pattern is a 20-bit repeating pattern of +K28.5 and -K28.5 code groups {110000 0101 001111 1010}
- (3) Typical specifications are at TA=25 C, and represent most likely parametric norms at the time of product characterization. The typical specifications are not ensured.

Electrical Characteristics⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter | | Test Conditions | Min | Typ (3) | Max | Units |
|---------------------------|--|---|------|------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|
| AC CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| t _R | Differential Low to High Transition Time | Measured with a clock-like pattern at 4.25 Gbps, between 20% and 80% of the differential output voltage. De-emphasis disabled. Transition time is measured with the fixture shown in Figure 7 adjusted to reflect the transition time at the output pins. | | 80 | | ps |
| t _F | Differential High to Low Transition Time | | | 80 | | ps |
| t _{PLH} | Differential Low to High Propagation Delay | Measured at 50% differential voltage from input to output. | | | 1 | ns |
| t _{PHL} | Differential High to Low Propagation Delay | | | | 1 | ns |
| t _{SKP} | Pulse Skew | t _{PHL} - t _{PLH} | | | 20 | ps |
| t _{SKO} | Output Skew ⁽⁴⁾ | Difference in propagation delay between channels on the same part (Channel-to-Channel Skew) ⁽⁴⁾ | | | 100 | ps |
| t _{SKPP} | Part-to-Part Skew ⁽⁴⁾ | Difference in propagation delay between devices across all channels operating under identical conditions | | | 165 | ps |
| t _{LB} | Loopback Delay Time | Delay from enabling loopback mode to signals appearing at the differential outputs See Figure 5 | | | 4 | ns |
| RJ | Device Random Jitter ⁽⁵⁾ | At 0.25 Gbps At 1.5 Gbps At 4.25 Gbps Alternating-10 pattern. De-emphasis disabled. See Figure 7 | | | 2 2 2 | ps rms ps rms ps rms |
| DJ | Device Deterministic Jitter ⁽⁶⁾ | At 0.25 Mbps, PRBS7 pattern At 1.5 Gbps, K28.5 pattern At 4.25 Gbps, K28.5 pattern At 4.25 Gbps, PRBS7 pattern De-emphasis disabled. See Figure 7 | | | 25 25 25 25 | ps pp ps pp ps pp ps pp |
| DR | Data Rate ⁽⁷⁾ | Alternating-10 pattern | 0.25 | | 4.25 | Gbps |

(4) t_{SKO} is the magnitude difference in propagation delays between all data paths on one device. This is channel-to-channel skew. t_{SKPP} is the worst case difference in propagation delay across multiple devices on all channels and operating under identical conditions. For example, for two devices operating under the same conditions, t_{SKPP} is the magnitude difference between the shortest propagation delay measurement on one device to the longest propagation delay measurement on another device.

(5) Device output random jitter is a measurement of random jitter contributed by the device. It is derived by the equation $\text{SQRT}[(\text{RJ}_{\text{OUT}})^2 - (\text{RJ}_{\text{IN}})^2]$, where RJ_{OUT} is the total random jitter measured at the output of the device in ps(rms), RJ_{IN} is the random jitter of the pattern generator driving the device. Below 400 Mbps, system jitter and device jitter could not be separated. The 250 Mbps specification includes system random jitter. Please see [Figure 7](#) for the AC test circuit.

(6) Device output deterministic jitter is a measurement of the deterministic jitter contribution from the device. It is derived by the equation (DJ_{OUT} - DJ_{IN}), where DJ_{OUT} is the total peak-to-peak deterministic jitter measured at the output of the device in ps(p-p). DJ_{IN} is the peak-to-peak deterministic jitter at the input of the test board. Please see [Figure 7](#) for the AC test circuit.

(7) This parameter is specified by design and/or characterization and is not tested in production.

TIMING DIAGRAMS

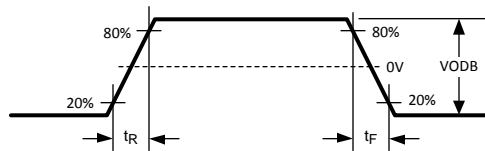


Figure 3. Driver Output Transition Time

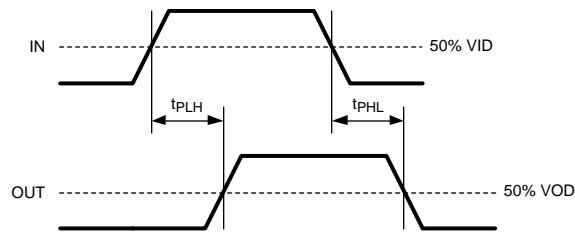


Figure 4. Propagation Delay

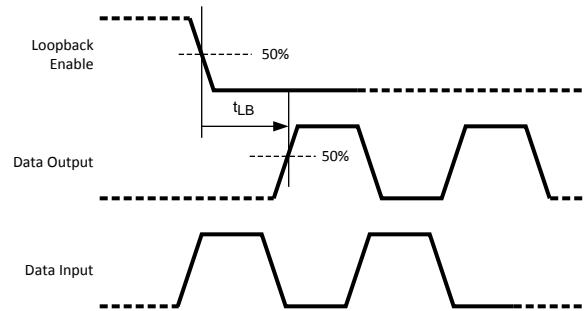


Figure 5. Loopback Delay Timing

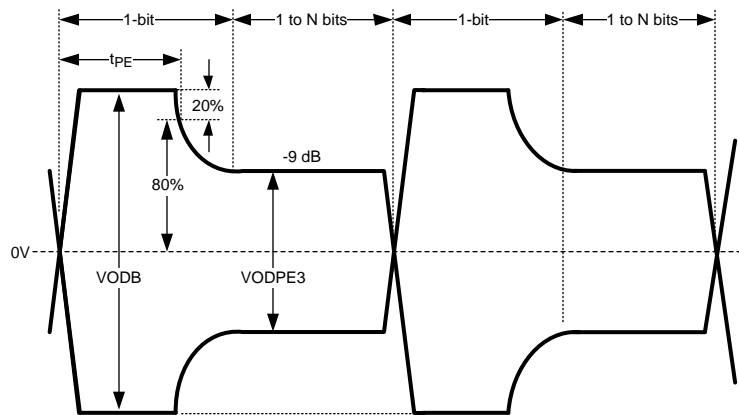


Figure 6. Output De-Emphasis Duration

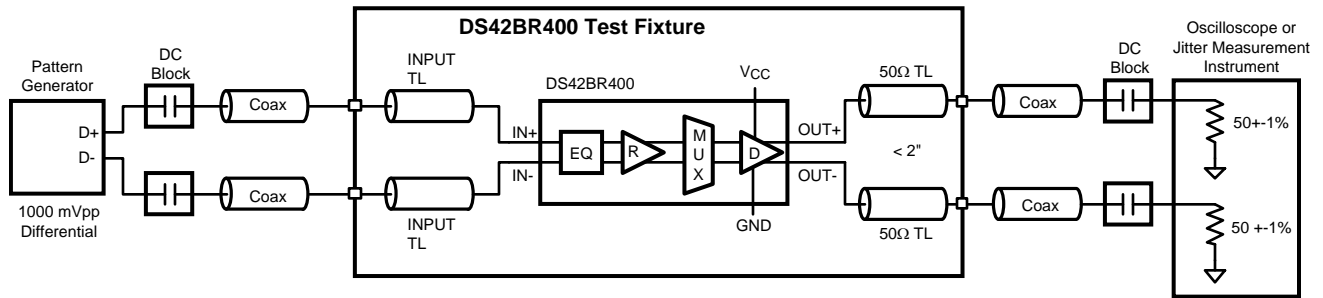


Figure 7. AC Test Circuit

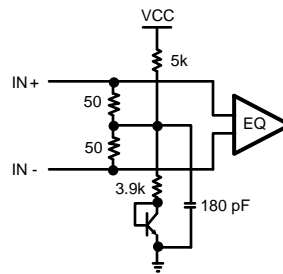



Figure 8. Receiver Input Termination

REVISION HISTORY

| Changes from Revision I (April 2013) to Revision J | Page |
|--|------|
| • Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format | 11 |

PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan (2) | Lead/Ball Finish (6) | MSL Peak Temp (3) | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5) | Samples |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---|
| DS42BR400TSQ/NOPB | ACTIVE | WQFN | NKA | 60 | 250 | Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) | CU SN | Level-3-260C-168 HR | -40 to 85 | DS42BR400 TSQ |  |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

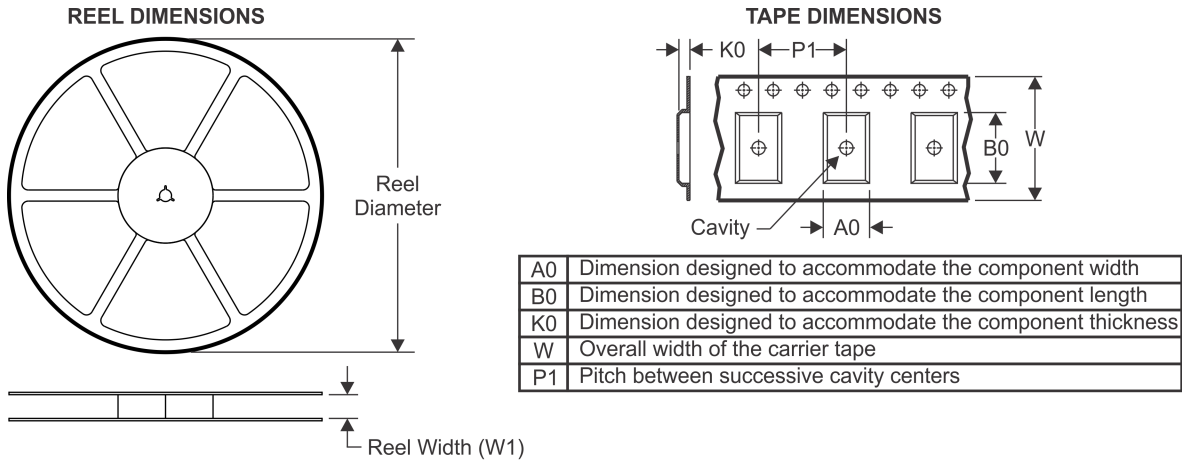
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

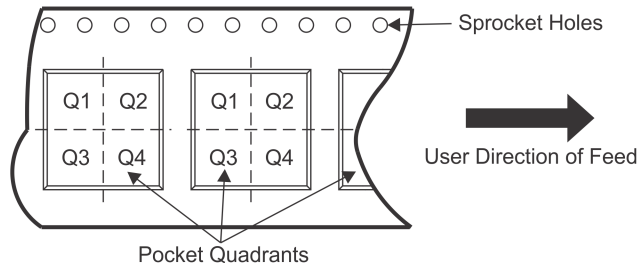
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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| DS42BR400TSQ/NOPB | WQFN | NKA | 60 | 250 | 178.0 | 16.4 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 1.3 | 12.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |

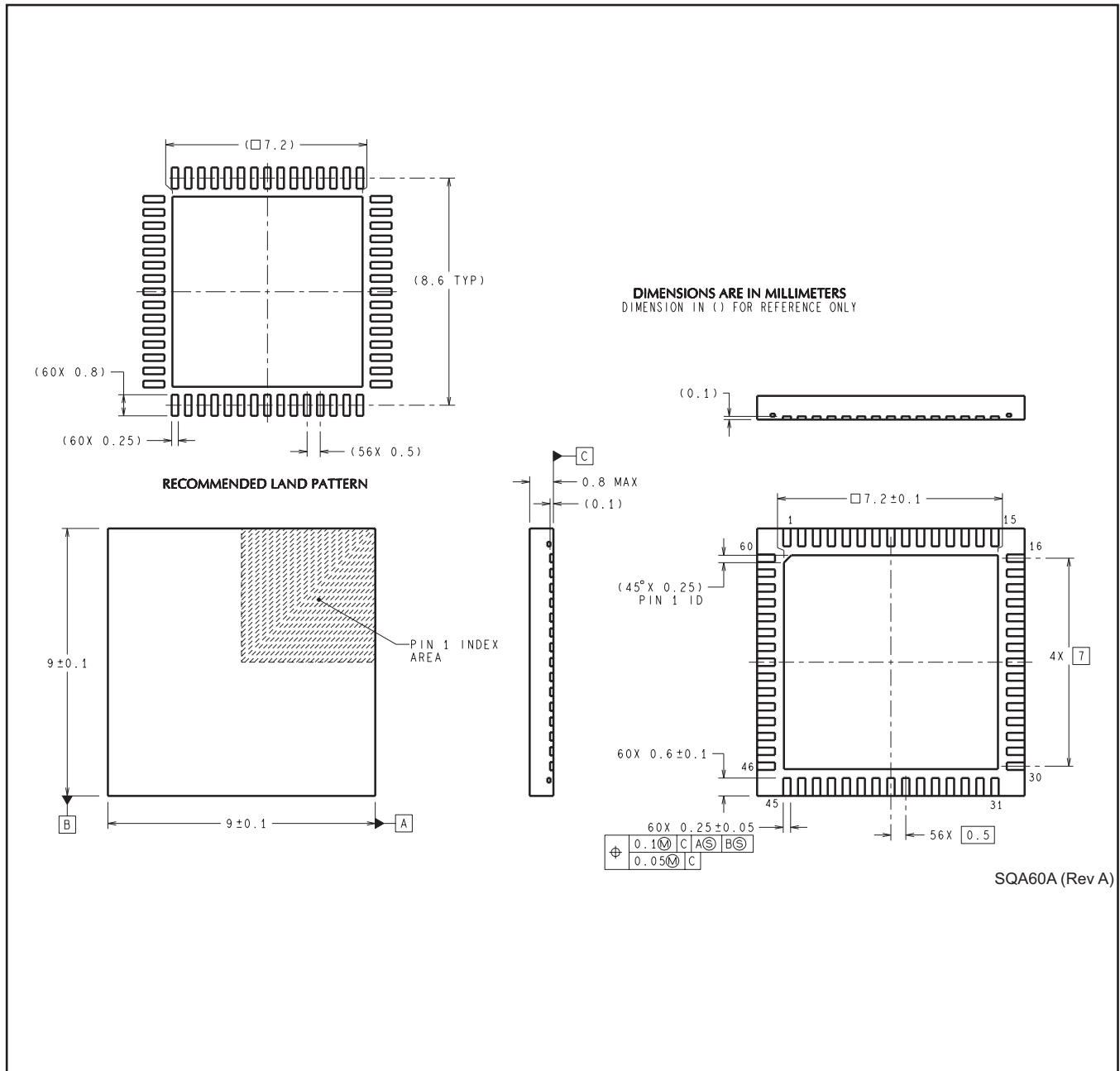
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|-------------|------------|-------------|
| DS42BR400TSQ/NOPB | WQFN | NKA | 60 | 250 | 213.0 | 191.0 | 55.0 |

NKA0060A



SQA60A (Rev A)

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